



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

## Fact Sheet

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### **FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE**

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### **The American Rescue Plan: Reduces Health Care Costs, Expands Access to Insurance Coverage and Addresses Health Care Disparities**

The Biden-Harris Administration is reducing health care costs, expanding access to coverage, and ensuring nearly everyone who buys their own individual or family health insurance through a Marketplace can receive a tax credit to reduce their premiums. The American Rescue Plan (ARP) not only provides the resources for America to beat this pandemic, but it also expands access to health insurance coverage, lowers costs, and ensures that health care truly is a right for all Americans.

- **It's Working:** After the Biden-Harris Administration made available a Special Enrollment Period through the Federal Marketplace from February 15 to May 15 for people who needed health care coverage during the pandemic, more than 200,000 people signed up for Marketplace coverage through HealthCare.gov in the first two weeks - a three-fold year over year increase. Now following the passage of the ARP more than 14.9 million Americans who currently lack health insurance and many current enrollees will receive additional financial support to find the coverage that best meets their needs at a price they can afford.
- **More Affordable Options are Available:** Many people who enroll in health coverage through HealthCare.gov will qualify to save money on their premiums. Premiums after advance payment of these increased tax credits will decrease, on average, by \$50 per person per month and \$85 per policy per month. Four out of five enrollees (up from 69% pre-ARP) will be able to find a plan for \$10 or less per month after tax credits, and over 50% (up from 14% pre-ARP) will be able to find a Silver plan for \$10 or less per month.
- **Making it Easier for Consumers:** Starting on April 1, consumers will be able to take advantage of increased premium tax credits on high quality health care plans when they enroll in coverage through HealthCare.gov. Every day, we're working to make the consumer experience even better, streamlining HealthCare.gov and providing the help and support consumers want in order to understand their options and pick the right plan for their families.

The American Rescue Plan:

**Reduces the cost of health care coverage for 9 million consumers currently receiving financial assistance by ensuring consumers eligible for premium tax credits have at least a couple plans to choose from that won't cost more than 8.5% of their household income on their Marketplace plan premium per year.**

- Many premiums will decrease, on average, by \$50 per person per month and \$85 per policy per month.
- Four out of five enrollees (up from 69% pre-ARP) will be able find a plan for \$10 or less per month after tax credits, and over 50% (up from 14% pre-ARP) will be able to find a Silver plan for \$10 or less per month.
- 1 out of 4 enrollees on Healthcare.gov will be able to upgrade to a higher plan category that offers better out of pocket costs at the same or lower premium compared to what they're paying today (excludes enrollees already at the highest health plan category available, including certain enrollees eligible for cost sharing reductions).
- For example:
  - o Uninsured couples earning over \$70,000 could save more than \$1,000 per month on their monthly premium.
  - o A family of four making \$90,000 will see their premiums decrease by \$200 per month.
  - o An individual making \$19,000 will be able to find health insurance coverage with no monthly premium, saving roughly \$66 per month on average.

**Expands the number of people eligible to save money on their health care coverage.**

About 14.9 million Americans who currently lack health insurance will be able to save money on their premiums to find the coverage they need at a price they can afford:

- 3.6 million uninsured people are estimated to be newly eligible for health care coverage savings. (See state level data in table 1)
- 1.8 million uninsured people are estimated to be eligible for zero-dollar benchmark Marketplace coverage, since PTC-eligible individuals with incomes below 150% of the FPL will now qualify for a 100% premium subsidy for the benchmark Marketplace plan. (See state level data in table 1.) Millions more are eligible for zero-dollar coverage for non-benchmark plans.
- An additional 9.5 million uninsured people with incomes between 150% and 400% of the FPL are estimated to potentially qualify for additional financial support to reduce out-of-pocket costs for Marketplace premiums.

**Addresses racial health inequities by expanding coverage and reducing costs.** Increased affordability and health insurance coverage expansion will allow historically uninsured communities – especially those who have faced significant health disparities – to access coverage, thereby improving opportunities for health care during and beyond the COVID-19 pandemic.

- The COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated stark health disparities among certain racial and ethnic minority populations in several areas, including infections, hospitalizations,

death rates, and vaccination rates. Many of these same populations have experienced job loss or loss of health insurance coverage at disproportionately high rates.

- 48,000 uninsured American Indians and Alaska Natives will be newly eligible to save money on health care coverage and 21,000 will be eligible for zero-dollar benchmark Marketplace plans.
  - 730,000 uninsured Latinos will be newly eligible to save money on health care coverage and 580,000 will be eligible for zero-dollar benchmark Marketplace plans.
  - 360,000 uninsured Black and African Americans will be newly eligible to save money on health care coverage and 328,000 will be eligible for zero-dollar benchmark Marketplace plans.
  - 197,000 uninsured Asian, Native-Hawaiian and Pacific Islander will be newly eligible to save money on health care coverage, and 50,000 will be eligible for zero-dollar benchmark Marketplace plans.
- The Biden-Harris administration is further expanding access to health insurance coverage and improving access to mental health services and community-based programs that address social determinants of health.

**TABLE 1:**

State	Uninsured Population Newly Eligible for Tax Credits	Uninsured population now eligible for \$0 dollar benchmark Marketplace coverage (<150% FPL)	State	Uninsured Population Newly Eligible for Tax Credits	Uninsured population now eligible for \$0 dollar benchmark Marketplace coverage (<150% FPL)
Alabama	40,400	56,600	Montana	18,400	2,600
Alaska	11,000	3,000	Nebraska	14,800	3,800
Arizona	89,300	17,700	Nevada	41,000	6,100
Arkansas	19,500	7,700	New Hampshire	22,900	1,000
California	394,000	57,100	New Jersey	100,000	13,800
Colorado	81,900	6,300	New Mexico	22,100	2,800
Connecticut	36,000	4,700	New York	174,900	17,300
Delaware	8,900	1,700	North Carolina	116,500	112,600
District of Columbia	4,300	300	North Dakota	13,700	700
Florida	318,500	270,600	Ohio	93,200	23,100
Georgia	127,100	134,900	Oklahoma	61,000	57,300
Hawaii	9,500	1,300	Oregon	51,500	7,400
Idaho	22,100	5,700	Pennsylvania	109,900	15,900
Illinois	130,500	19,600	Rhode Island	6,700	1,000
Indiana	68,500	15,100	South Carolina	59,700	55,600
Iowa	22,900	1,800	South Dakota	9,300	10,100
Kansas	29,600	30,300	Tennessee	64,600	70,300
Kentucky	35,500	7,100	Texas	565,200	501,200
Louisiana	58,000	10,100	Utah	32,900	6,900
Maine	16,300	2,400	Vermont	5,600	600
Maryland	50,100	3,200	Virginia	77,400	13,400
Massachusetts	42,900	3,600	Washington	79,200	10,100
Michigan	67,300	16,100	West Virginia	16,900	3,900
Minnesota	44,200	3,500	Wisconsin	51,900	31,600
Mississippi	30,100	43,200	Wyoming	12,900	6,700
Missouri	59,400	73,900	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,640,000</b>	1,773,300

Find more information on [Estimates of the Uninsured Population in the U.S.](#)

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