## 2020 Overarching Jurisdictional SARS-COV-2 Testing Strategy

Jurisdiction:	Tennessee								
Population Size:	6.8 million								

#### 1. Describe the overarching testing strategy in your state or jurisdiction.

a) The Tennessee Department of Health (TDH) has a comprehensive plan for broad and widely available COVID-19 testing in the population. Thus far we have exceeded the goal of 2% on a monthly basis. Core public health surveillance activities will be the foundation of our testing approach. The TDH State Public Health Laboratory (SPHL) was the first laboratory in the state to conduct COVID-19 testing which was validated and approved by CDC. The SPHL detected the first case in a traveler who attended an international meeting and has increased capacity dramatically since the pandemic has taken hold in Tennessee. The TDH strategy and testing plan focuses on near-term needs and longer term through the end of calendar year 2020. The testing plan addresses all topics in detail below. a) The TDH SPHL has rapidly scaled testing capacity throughout the COVID-19 pandemic. As mentioned, TN was one of the first states to successfully validate the CDC SARS-CoV-2 PCR assay; and from March 2020 until May 2020, the SPHL has increased its testing capacity to 6,000 samples per day. The SPHL currently utilizes the Panther SARS-CoV-2 assay (6 instruments), Thermofisher TaqPath (4 KingFisher extractors & 12 ABI 7500s), and Cepheid GenXpert (2 Infinity48 instruments & 1 four unit module) to allow for high throughput testing for SARS-CoV-2 within the jurisdiction. Cepheid GenXpert are utilized for rapid resulting. We are currently validating a vendor platform which will give additional high-throughput capacity estimated at 3000 tests per day. In addition to testing at the SPHL, TDH has partnered with multiple private commercial laboratories who do high throughput testing to test samples collected routinely at local health departments and for surge / targeted testing events of high-risk or other populations or for outbreak response. The TDH SPHL has also assisted multiple commercial and academic laboratories to assess and ensure reliable and accurate testing. These efforts have and will continue to include retesting from laboratories which are newly operating to provide COVID-19 testing in the marketplace. Validating results will remain as a critical function for the TDH SPHL. TN has worked rapidly to expand its workforce supporting COVID-19 activities. State-wide hiring exemptions have been made for positions supporting COVID-19 in efforts to expedite the hiring processes, and temporary employment services are being utilized in order to quickly onboard new staff to support the COVID response. Standard state procurement processes have been circumvented in order to provide the appropriate resources in the most expediate manner. TDH has been able to rapidly onboard commercial laboratories as approved vendors to conduct testing on behalf of the state. Testing capacity has been greatly enhanced through these vendor relationships facilitating large-scale testing in correctional facilities, testing at Health Department drive-through Remote Assessment Sites, and many other outbreak or clusters including Long-term Care Facilities. Relationships have been fostered with urban housing groups, minority populations, and other community-based organizations to facilitate testing and plan future events. TDH has private-public partnerships planned to further enhance testing of our most vulnerable elderly populations and healthcare communities. These efforts involve testing capacity being made available by TDH. The TDH testing plan will support population needs directly with the SPHL and vendor relationships throughout 2020 as commercial laboratory capacity continues to grow. A transition back to the normal medical healthcare delivery paradigm is anticipated to occur during this time and

into 2021 but it is dependent of the trajectory of COVID-19. TDH is committed to directly expanding and maintaining testing capacity to meet the surveillance and response needs in our population for as long as it is needed.

b) TN has performed substantial outreach in order to provide testing at a variety of locations and for a variety of populations. The Unified Command Group has made testing of vulnerable populations including the elderly a top priority. Since mid-April testing at all 89 rural TN health departments has been available free of charge and for any person seeking testing, regardless of symptoms or high-risk contact. No cost drive-through testing at Remote Assessment sites has made testing more widely available to low socio-economic segments of our population. In the month of April, surge testing events were advertised to the general population statewide on three weekends. The sampling was conducted in collaboration with the National Guard. During these events approximately 25,000 tests were performed. This approach was successful in facilitating testing for many underserved populations and will be considered later in 2020. In addition, TN is performing proactive outreach testing in many highrisk communities, regardless of symptoms – including: testing of all residents and staff in all long-term care facilities in Tennessee (n~700), which will be an estimated 140,000 tests. Furthermore, testing of all staff and inmates in all state-run correctional facilities (~26,500), testing of all staff and residents of state-run or contracted Department of Intellectual & Developmental Disabilities group homes, testing of all staff and residents in 4 state-operated Regional Mental Health Institutes, testing in public housing communities in Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville and Memphis, high-risk children under the supervision and care of the Department of Children's Services, as well as other outreach efforts are underway. Retesting plans include response to outbreaks and serial testing of staff in Nursing Homes on a monthly basis. Planning with residential medical facilities has included options for point-of-care testing to facilitate rapid turnaround time. For nontraditional sites, staff (public health staff or TN National Guard) are deployed to the location for collection if that support is needed. Based on the region of the state where the collection occurs, samples will then be triaged to the appropriate laboratory for testing. TDH has experienced a large increase in COVID-19 among Hispanic groups including migrant workers. We have conducted large focused testing events in response to outbreaks among critical infrastructure workers. This is a fundamental part of our testing plans to rapidly identify, isolate cases, and quarantine contacts throughout the remainder of 2020. Other novel private-public partnerships are being evaluated including testing at pharmacies. Both Walgreens and CVS have been in contact with TDH about testing plans and locations. Testing plans will include other non-traditional testing sites and collaboration with the SPHL to rapidly facilitate testing from sampling sites.

c) The TDH State Public Health Laboratory has validated serology testing for SARS-CoV-2 and started testing for specific populations. We are using the Abbot platform. Serology testing strategies have been implemented with State Academic Medical Centers. Over 4000 serological tests have been performed. Based on these pilot data, serological testing will be considered broadly for frontline healthcare workers and then expanded into at risk populations if appropriate. As more information and guidance around serological testing becomes available, informed strategies and decisions will be made. TDH considers serology to have potential value but current knowledge is lacking on the interpretation regarding

seropositivity and durable immunity. Data indicates that most COVID-19 cases seroconvert. TDH will follow CDC guidance in regard to screening for past infection.

d) The Unified Command Group is comprised of the Department of Military, Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, and TDH. The operating plan is an incident command system structure under the leadership of Governor Bill Lee. The majority of logistical support is handled by the TN Emergency Management Agency (TEMA), including procuring and distributing PPE and procuring and distributing laboratory reagents/materials (under the guidance of SPHL leadership). Within the Health Department, at least thrice daily email communications between the Laboratory and Epidemiology occur regarding testing capacity, reagent and specimen collection kit inventory. Inventories of all needed supplies are closely tracked throughout every day and needs are communicated with partners. TDH maintains close working relationships with hospital partners. Relationships exist through the Hospital Preparedness program and Healthcare Coalitions. Additionally, the SPHL maintains close relationships with commercial laboratories regarding existing capacity. We are a mixed model public health jurisdiction and correspond daily with state and city-county run health departments. Through our State Health Operations Logistics team we will regularly assess test kit availability and staffing needs of all partners being responsive to their varying testing needs

Table #1a: Number of individuals planned to be tested, by month

BY MONTH:	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	TOTAL
Diagnostics*	225,000	250,000							475,000
Serology									0
TOTAL	225,000	250,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table #1b: Planned expansion of testing jurisdiction-wide

Name of testing entity	Testing Lab (if different from down)  testing entity)	Daily diagnostic through- put	Daily serologic through- put	Platforms or devices used (list all)	Specific at-risk populations targeted (list all)
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TN State Public Health Lab-Nashville	Public health lab				
		2,500	500		

Name of testing entity	Testing venue (select from drop down)	Performing Lab (if different from testing entity)	Daily diagnostic through- put	Daily serologic through- put	Platforms or devices used (list all)	Specific at-risk populations targeted (list all)
TN State Public Health	Public					
Lab-Knoxville	health lab		650	300		
AEL	Commercial or private lab		5,000	900		

Name of testing entity	Testing venue (select from drop down)	Performing Lab (if different from testing entity)	Daily diagnostic through- put	Daily serologic through- put	Platforms or devices used (list all)	Specific at-risk populations targeted (list all)
PathGroup	Commercial or private lab		10,000	2,000		
Aegis	Commercial or private lab		7,000			

Name of testing entity	Testing venue (select from drop down)	Performing Lab (if different from testing entity)	Daily diagnostic through- put	Daily serologic through- put	Platforms or devices used (list all)	Specific at-risk populations targeted (list all)
Genetic Assays	Commercial or private lab		130			
Poplar Healthcare	Hospitals or clinical facility		2,000			
St. Jude	Hospitals or clinical facility		500			
Vanderbilt University Medical Center	Hospitals or clinical facility		350			
Compass Laboratory Services	Commercial or private lab		500			

Name of testing entity	Testing venue (select from drop down)	Performing Lab (if different from testing entity)	Daily diagnostic through- put	Daily serologic through- put	Platforms or devices used (list all)	Specific at-risk populations targeted (list all)
Highlands Pathology	Hospitals or clinical facility		12			
Diatherix	Commercial or private lab		5,200			
Quest	Commercial or private lab		8,500			

# 2020 Direct Expansion of SARS-COV-2 Testing by Health Departments

#### 2. Describe your public health department's direct impact on testing expansion in your jurisdiction.

a) The TN Department of Health has worked to rapidly expand testing capacity throughout the COVID-19 pandemic. TN was one of the first states to successfully validate the CDC SARS-CoV-2 PCR assay; and from March 2020 until May 2020, the TN SPHL has increased its testing capacity to 6,000 samples per day. SPHL staffing has increased to include 2nd, 3rd, and weekend shifts, in order for the laboratory to drastically increase testing capacity. Request for funding of 4 additional Hologic Panther instruments, 1 Cepheid GenXpert 16 unit module, 2 Cobas 8800 instruments and 3 additional Abbott Architect instruments is being made to contribute to enhanced laboratory capacity. In addition to testing at the SPHL, TDH has partnered with multiple private commercial laboratories who do high throughput testing to test samples collected routinely at local health departments and for surge / targeted testing events of high-risk or other populations or for outbreak response. Commercial laboratory vendor agreements have been rapidly approved by our fiscal and administrative group to increase capacity in Tennessee. Tennessee has a pending contract in place to enhance capacity for sample collection, laboratory testing, and reporting results. The vendor has supplied a high-throughput PCR testing system which is currently being validated by the SPHL. This contractual arrangement will add 3000-4000 samples per day throughput. TDH is currently using to SPHL locations for COVID-19 testing. Laboratories in Nashville and Knoxville are operating daily. Expansion of capacity in both locations is planned to more rapidly serve population testing.

b) As mentioned, the Unified Command Group has been convening a Vulnerable Populations Taskforce. TN has performed substantial outreach in order to provide testing at a variety of locations and for a variety of populations. Since mid-April testing at all 89 rural TN health departments has been available free of charge and for any person seeking testing, regardless of symptoms or high-risk contact. In addition, TN is performing proactive outreach testing in many high-risk communities, regardless of symptoms – including: testing of all residents and staff in all long-term care facilities in Tennessee (n~700). This community of our most vulnerable citizens is approximately 140,000 persons. In addition to testing all staff and residents, ongoing testing of Nursing Home staff is mandated by rule on a weekly basis. We have tested of all staff and inmates in all state-run correctional facilities (~26,500) and continue to follow up on new cases and outbreaks. Plans for testing of all staff and residents of state-run or contracted Department of Intellectual & Developmental Disabilities group homes, testing of all staff and residents in 4 state-operated Regional Mental Health Institutes, testing in public housing communities in Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville and Memphis, testing high-risk children under the supervision and care of the Department of Children's Services, as well as other outreach efforts are underway and will continue throughout 2020. In addition, the TDH Office of Minority Health and Disparities Elimination (OMHDE) launched a Statewide Health Disparities Task Force in April 2020 to address the disparities associated with COVID-19. The Task Force aims to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of disseminating information to communities across the state, as well as examine existing data, monitor trends, and hear from those living, working and serving communities in TN to generate responsive solutions and policies to reduce these disparities. TDH and UCG members participate in both

Task Force groups and include community and faith-based partners, academia, health care providers and public health officials. These Task Force groups are meeting weekly by webinar and has addressed critical topics such as TN-specific data trends, data confidentiality and access to testing. For any testing at nontraditional sites, staff (public health staff or TN National Guard) are deployed to the location for collection if that support is needed. Based on the region of the state where the collection occurs, samples will then be triaged to the appropriate laboratory for testing (SPHL or contract laboratory partner). We are working to facilitate homeless testing and conduct outreach to ethnic and racial minorities. Planning is underway to offer testing to approximately 12,000 Kurdish people in middle Tennessee. Outreach to specific populations is planned for the summer and fall and will utilize vendor testing or SPHL capacity. TDH has been planning to increase testing availability with the Tennessee Hospital Association for healthcare workers. Several facilities are testing staff already and have shared their strategy with TDH. We anticipate broadly offering hospitals support for testing of healthcare workers directly involved in patient care. TDH will facilitate this testing at the SPHL or through commercial laboratory vendors, or onsite testing options provided through TDH.

- c) At the SPHL, barriers to efficient testing include data entry bottlenecks associated with manual entry of patient demographics for test accessioning and manual result entry into the SPHL Laboratory Information Management System. Funding has been requested for an Informatics Analyst to perform instrument interfacing and improve these workflows. Additional staffing has been requested to handle data entry for test accessioning. We have been and will continue to coordinate testing activities to maintain a high throughput at the SPHL. We have multiple platforms currently to provide redundancy in testing capability avoiding supply chain issues which might impact a particular platform. Additionally, to mitigate supply chain issue with swabs and media, the SPHL has assembled swab kits in-house. We are using all available assets to mitigate the impact of the supply chain problems. Electronic Laboratory Reporting is one mechanism we will continue to use to streamline reporting to TDH and CDC. TDH reports 100% of information requested by CDC. Feedback has been directed to CDC where duplicate data requests and transmission is requested by different CDC programs. Laboratories unable to submit data via ELR require data processing and manual data entry. TDH has hired additional staff and is recruiting more personnel to assist with the increased reporting burden. Data quality and rapid transmission are critical aspects of increased testing capacity.
- d) The TDH SPHL has validated serology testing for SARS-CoV-2 and started testing for specific populations. Testing will be performed on the Abbott Architect i1000 and i2000 platforms in both the Nashville Central Laboratory and the Knoxville Regional Laboratory. A pilot study has tested over 4000 Academic Medical Center staff. Serology testing strategy is being formulated and will potentially begin with testing of frontline healthcare workers and then expand into at risk populations, eg, Nursing Home staff. As more information and guidance around serological testing becomes available, informed decisions will be made. TDH will follow CDC guidance in regard to screening for past infection.
- e) Resources and asset availability are closely monitored by the TEMA Logistics and Operations Unit and the TDH Logistics team. Within TDH, daily capacity reports are maintained and shared between

laboratory and epidemiology partners regarding collection kits (VTM, Aptima, etc.), PPE, PC, and serology testing capacity. At this time, sentinel surveillance is being conducted through healthcare partners that participate in the Influenza Sentinel Provider Network (SPN). Specimens submitted to the TN SPHL for influenza testing are also being tested for COVID-19. We plan to continue these efforts indefinitely to augment our routine and enhanced surveillance activities. The TDH surveillance team reviews data daily for aberrations. Clusters of cases are investigated to identify at-risk populations and take rapid public health action. Our data team analyzes reports for demographic, facility-level, temporal, and spatial clustering. Epidemiological signals indicating transmission of COVID-19 in vulnerable populations are investigated by state and local health department officials.

f) State-wide hiring exemptions have been made for positions supporting COVID-19 in efforts to expedite the hiring processes, and temporary employment services are being utilized in order to quickly onboard new staff to support the COVID response. Standard state procurement processes have been circumvented in order to provide the appropriate resources in the most expediate manner. TDH is working collaboratively with stae General Services and TEMA to expedite procurement of all materials needed to operationalize the state testing plan.

Table #2: Planned expansion of testing driven by public health departments

BY MONTH:	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	TOTAL		
Number of additional* staff to meet planned testing levels	5	4	2	2	2	2	1	1	19		
	FOR DIAGNOSTIC TESTING										
How many additional* testing equipment/devi ces are needed to meet planned testing levels? (provide an estimated number, and include platform details in narrative above)	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3		
Volume of additional swabs needed to meet planned testing levels <sup>++</sup>	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	1,600,000		
Volume of additional media (VTM,	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	1,600,000		

BY MONTH:	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	TOTAL
MTM, saline, etc.) needed to meet planned testing levels**									
Volume of additional reagents needed to meet planned testing levels, by testing unit and platform (i.e. 100K/day - Hologic panther; 100k/day - Thermofisher)	4K/day Hologic Panther; 2K/day Thermofish er								
			F	OR SEROLOGIC	TESTING				
Number of additional* equipment and devices to meet planned testing levels	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	10
Volume of additional reagents needed to meet planned testing	2K/day Abbott Architect								

BY MONTH:	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	TOTAL
levels, by testing									
unit and									
platform (i.e.									
100K/day -									
Hologic panther;									
100k/day -									
Thermofisher)									

<sup>\*</sup> Report new monthly additions only, not cumulative levels

<sup>++</sup> For May and June, only include needs beyond the supplies provided by FEMA. Report new monthly additions only, not cumulative levels.