Overview of the Workshop on the Impact of Pregnancy Weight on Maternal and Child Health July 13-14, 2006

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State Health Officer, State of
Washington, Department of Health

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Director, Board on Children, Youth,
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National Academy of Sciences National Academy of Engineering Institute of Medicine

Workshop

- Joint venture of the National Research Council and Institute of Medicine
 - Board on Children, Youth, and Families and the Food and Nutrition Board
- Held May 30-31, 2006 in Washington,
 DC
- Sponsor: Maternal and Child Health Bureau

Planning Committee

- Maxine Hayes, M.D., M.P.H. (Chair), State Health Officer, State of Washington, Department of Health
- Barbara Abrams, Dr.P.H., Associate Dean for Student Affairs and Professor of Epidemiology & Public Health Nutrition
- **Ezra C. Davidson, Jr., M.D.**, Associate Dean, Primary Care, Professor and Past Chairman, Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology, Charles R. Drew University of Medicine and Science
- **Lillian Gelberg, M.D., M.S.P.H.**, George F. Kneller Professor, Department of Family Medicine, David Geffen School of Medicine, University of California, Los Angeles
- Matthew Gillman, M.D., S.M., Associate Professor in the Department of Nutrition, Harvard Medical School and Harvard Pilgrim Health Care,
- Janet King, Ph.D., Senior Scientist and Professor, University of California, Berkeley and Davis, Children's Hospital Oakland Research Institute
- Harriet Kitzman, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Nursing and Pediatrics, School of Nursing, University of Rochester
- Ronald E. Kleinman, M.D., Professor of Pediatrics, Harvard University; Chief, Pediatric Gastroenterology
- Gregg Pane, M.D., Director, Washington D.C. Department of Health
- **Kathleen Rasmussen, D.Sc.,** Professor, Division of Nutritional Sciences, Cornell University
- Leslie Sim, Study Director

Task

- Examine the research that describes the distribution of maternal weight (before, during, and after pregnancy) among different populations of women in the U.S.
- Examine the research on the effects of different weight patterns during pregnancy on maternal and child health outcomes

Task

- 3. Examine research on the individual, community, and health care system factors that impede or foster compliance with recommended gestational weight guidelines
- 4. Explore opportunities for Title V Maternal and Child Health Programs to help childbearing women achieve and maintain recommended weight (before, during, and after) pregnancy
- To inform future research and data collection needs



Workshop Agenda

Overview and Trends

Maternal and Pregnancy Weight

Panel 1

 Gestational Weight Gain: Direct Predictors and Moderators and Maternal Health Consequences

Panel 2

 Maternal Weight and Gestational Weight Gain as Direct Predictors and Moderators of Infant and Child Growth and Health

Panel 3

- Insights from Interventions to Promote Appropriate Weight During Pregnancy and Postpartum
- Discussion and Summary Session

Overview and Trends

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Presentation

- Review trends and status of weight before, during, and after pregnancy (adolescents and ethnic/minority populations)
- Review PRAMS, PNSS, NHANES, National Vital Statistics System, ECLS-BC, IFPS-II, CA-Maternal and Infant Health System
- Presenters:
 - Mary Cogswell, Division of Nutrition and Physical Activity, CDC
 - Patricia Dietz, Division of Reproductive Health, CDC

NOTE: ECLS-BC = Early Childhood Longitudinal Survey-Birth Cohort; IFPS-II = Infant Feeding Practices Survey II; NHANES = National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; PNSS = Pregnancy Nutrition Surveillance System; PRAMS = Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Key Presentation Findings

- No national surveillance system to monitor pregnancy weight gain
- Limited information on different populations of women
 - Adolescents, racial/ethnic groups, immigrant populations, overweight versus underweight
- Limited data on prepregnancy weight patterns



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Panel 1: Predictors of Gestational Weight Gain and Maternal Health Consequences

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Presentation

- Review biological, metabolic, social predictors, or relationships of gestational weight gain
- Review short-term and long-term maternal health consequences of gestational weight gain
- Presenters:
 - Janet King, Children's Hospital Oakland Research Institute
 - Naomi Stotland, UC San Francisco
 - Kathleen Rasmussen, Cornell University
 - Erica Gunderson, Kaiser Permanente Northern California



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Key Presentation Findings

- -New data, but limited in scope
- -Limited data for minority populations
 - Hispanic, African American, Native American, Asian/Pacific Islander
- GWG has both biological and social determinants and consequences

NOTE: GWG = gestational weight gain

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Key Presentation Findings

- Gestational weight gain is frequently associated with prepregnancy BMI
- Balancing risk/benefit of GWG and maternal versus infant/child health consequences
- -Incorporate lifecourse approach

NOTE: BMI = body mass index (kg/m²); GWG = gestational weight gain

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Panel 2: Infant and Child Health Consequences

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Presentation

- Review infant/child short-term and longterm health consequences of maternal weight and GWG
- Presenters:
 - Patrick Catalano, MetroHealth Medical Center, Case Western Reserve University
 - Emily Oken, Harvard Medical School, Harvard Pilgrim Health Care

NOTE: GWG = gestational weight gain



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Key Presentation Findings

- Large for gestational age infants are increasing, while small for gestational age is decreasing
- What does GWG mean, why focus on it?
- Infant Health
 - Preterm Birth (Low BMI and GWG AND high BMI and GWG)
 - Body Composition (BMI and GWG predict fat mass in newborns, but not sure what this means)
- Child Health
 - Weight (BMI and GWG predicts overweight in kids)

NOTE: BMI = body mass index (kg/m²); GWG = gestational weight gain



Key Presentation Findings

- Repeated emphasis on the importance of lifecourse approach
- Again, balancing risk/benefit of GWG and maternal versus infant/child health consequences

NOTE: GWG = gestational weight gain



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Panel 3: Insights to Interventions

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Presentation

 Review individual, psychosocial, community, and health system approaches to promote appropriate maternal weight during pregnancy and postpartum including infant weight

-Presenters:

- Rena Wing, Brown Medical School
- Lorraine Walker, University of Texas-Austin
- Christine Olson, Cornell University
- Laura Riley, Massachusetts General Hospital

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Key Presentation Findings

- Individual Approach
 - Energy balance (diet and physical activity)
 - Behavioral strategies (goal setting, feedback, self-monitoring, problem-solving)
 - Effective at preventing excessive weight gain
 - Reduce postpartum weight retention
 - Interventions focuses on during and after pregnancy only
 - Need to focus more research the importance of planning for pregnancy



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Key Presentation Findings

- -Psychosocial Approach
 - Stress, Social support, Depression, Attitudes
 - Observational data not intervention trials
 - Results are inconsistent for GWG and postpartum weight retention
 - Mixed results (vary by subgroup, analyses, or indicator variable)
 - OR no effect
 - Methodological issues (validity of indicators)
 - Lack of prenatal interventions

NOTE: GWG = gestational weight gain

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Key Presentation Findings

- Community Approach
 - Limited research
 - Mixed results
 - Social learning theory
 - Health workers, action-promoting material, goal-setting, self-monitoring
 - Social marketing
- Health System Factors
 - Availability of guidelines limited for clinicians (ACOG)
 - IOM guidelines (1990)
 - Virtually no available studies on clinician or health system interventions

NOTE: ACOG = American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists; IOM = Institute of Medicine



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Key Presentation Findings

- -When to intervene
 - Ideally before, during, after, and between pregnancies
- Approaches may differ by subgroup
- Combine individual and environmental approaches
- Integrate weight management in whole lifestyle (e.g., planning for pregnancy)



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Gaps

Gaps in Research Discussed through:

- Presentations
- Discussants
- Public Comments



Gaps

Discussants

- Barbara Abrams, University of California, Berkeley
- Calvin Hobel, Cedars-Sinai Medical Center and University of California, Los Angeles
- Elizabeth McAnarney, University of Rochester, Medical Center
- Anna Marie Seiga-Riz, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill
- Mary Hediger, NICHD, NIH
- Michael Kramer, McGill University
- Robert Whitaker, Mathematica Policy Research Institute, Inc.
- Edith Kieffer, University of Michigan
- Carol Korenbrot, California Rural Indian Health Board
- William McCarthy, University of California, Los Angeles



Release and Dissemination

- Workshop summary now in preparation
 - -Committee's assessment of what transpired at the workshop
 - Summarizes views expressed by workshop participants
 - Anticipated public release is Fall 2006



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For more information, see www.bocyf.org

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