#### National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases



# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Immunization Safety Office (ISO) Update

Advisory Commission on Childhood Vaccines (ACCV) meeting December 2, 2021

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# **COVID-19 vaccines**

#### **COVID-19 ACIP Vaccine Recommendations**

- The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) currently has recommendations for the use of three different COVID-19 vaccines
  - Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine
  - Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine
  - Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine
- Recommendations available at:

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/vacc-specific/covid-19.html

# ACIP held additional meetings to discuss topics related to COVID-19 vaccines

- September 22-23, 2021
- October 21, 2021
- November 2, 2021
- November 19, 2021

# Recommendations for Additional Primary and Booster Doses of COVID-19 Vaccines

- In the United States, three COVID-19 vaccines are approved or authorized for primary vaccination against COVID-19.
- The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices issued recommendations for an additional primary mRNA COVID-19 vaccine dose for immunocompromised persons and a COVID-19 vaccine booster dose in eligible groups.

Source: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7044e2.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7044e2.htm</a>

## **Everyone Ages 18 and Older Should Get a Booster Shot**

IF YOU RECEIVED

Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna

Who should get a booster:

Everyone 18 years or older

When to get a booster:

At least 6 months after completing your primary COVID-19 vaccination series.

Which booster should you get?

Any of the COVID-19 vaccines authorized in the United States.

IF YOU RECEIVED

Johnson & Johnson's Janssen

Who should get a booster:

Everyone 18 years or older

When to get a booster:

At least 2 months after completing your primary COVID-19 vaccination.

Which booster should you get?

Any of the COVID-19 vaccines authorized in the United States.

Source: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/booster-shot.html">https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/booster-shot.html</a>

## Use of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine in Children Aged 5–11 Years

- On October 29, 2021, the Food and Drug Administration granted Emergency Use Authorization for the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine for children aged 5-11 years.
- On November 2, 2021, after a systematic review of available data, the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices made an interim recommendation for use of the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine in children aged 5-11 years in the United States for prevention of COVID-19.
- The Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine has high efficacy (>90%) against COVID-19 in children aged 5-11 years, and benefits outweigh risks for vaccination. Vaccination is important to protect children against COVID-19 and reduce community transmission of SARS-CoV-2 urce: https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7045e1.htm

## **COVID-19 vaccine safety publications**

- Surveillance for Adverse Events After COVID-19 mRNA Vaccination.
   JAMA 2021 Sept 3.
- Spontaneous Abortion Following COVID-19 Vaccination During Pregnancy.
   JAMA 2021 Sep 8.
- Receipt of mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines and Risk of Spontaneous Abortion.
   N Engl J Med. 2021 Sept 8.
- Safety Monitoring of an Additional Dose of COVID-19 Vaccine United States, August 12-September 19, 2021. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. epub 2021 Sep 28.

Available at: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/research/publications/index.html">https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/research/publications/index.html</a>

## COVID-19 vaccine safety publications, continued

- Reactogenicity within 2 weeks after mRNA COVID-19 vaccines: Findings from the CDC v-safe surveillance system. Vaccine 2021 Oct 16
- Safety Monitoring of mRNA Vaccines Administered During the Initial 6 months of the U.S. COVID-19 Vaccination Program: Reports to Vaccine Adverse Events Reporting System (VAERS) and v-safe. medRxiv – the preprint server for health sciences 2021 Oct 28
- COVID-19 Vaccination and Non-COVID-19 Mortality Risk Seven Integrated Health Care Organizations, United States, December 14, 2020-July 31, 2021. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. epub 2021 Oct 22.

Available at: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/research/publications/index.html">https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/research/publications/index.html</a>

#### **COVID-19 Vaccinations in the United States**

- As of November 28, 2021
- People fully vaccinated: 196.2 million
- People received a booster dose: 37.5 million

Source: CDC COVID Data Tracker: <a href="https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#vaccinations">https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#vaccinations</a>

## **Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)**

September, October, and November 2021 meetings other topics

## Tick-borne Encephalitis (TBE) Vaccine

- The Food and Drug Administration approved a TBE vaccine (manufactured by Pfizer as TICOVAC) on August 13, 2021
- ACIP TBE Vaccine Work Group was formed in September 2020 to review use of TBE vaccine in U.S. adults and children traveling abroad
- Planned ACIP vote on vaccine recommendations in February 2022

#### **Zoster Vaccine**

- ACIP voted for the following recommendation:
  - Two doses of recombinant zoster vaccine are recommended for the prevention of herpes zoster and its complications in adults aged ≥19 years who are or will be immunodeficient or immunosuppressed due to disease or therapy.

#### **Pneumococcal Vaccines**

- ACIP voted for the following two recommendations:
  - Adults 65 years of age or older who have not previously received a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine or whose previous vaccination history is unknown should receive a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (either PCV20 or PCV15). If PCV15 is used, this should be followed by a dose of PPSV23.
  - Adults aged 19 years of age or older with certain underlying medical conditions or other risk factors who have not previously received a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine or whose previous vaccination history is unknown should receive a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (either PCV20 or PCV15). If PCV15 is used, this should be followed by a dose of PPSV23.

#### **Influenza Vaccines**

- There were two presentations:
  - Phase II safety and immunogenicity study of the coadministration of Fluzone® HighDose Quadrivalent Influenza Vaccine and a third dose of mRNA-1273 COVID-19 vaccine (Moderna)
  - Cell culture-based inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV4) now FDA approved for ages ≥6 months
    - Five IIV4s are now approved for this age group

### **Hepatitis B Vaccines**

- ACIP voted for the following recommendations:
  - The ACIP recommends the following groups should receive hepatitis B vaccines
    - Adults 19 through 59 years
    - Adults 60 years and older with risk factors for hepatitis B infection
  - The ACIP recommends the following groups may receive hepatitis B vaccines
    - Adults 60 years and older without known risk factors for hepatitis B infection

## **Orthopoxviruses Vaccines**

- The genus Orthopoxvirus contains a number of species, such as smallpox and monkeypox.
- ACIP voted for five recommendations for the use of the JYNNEOS® vaccine for persons who are at risk for occupational exposure
  - laboratory personnel and for designated response team members
  - healthcare personnel who administer ACAM2000 or care for patients infected with replication competent orthopoxviruses

#### **Ebola vaccine**

- ACIP voted for two recommendations for the use of the rVSV∆G-ZEBOV-GP vaccine
  - Pre-exposure vaccination with rVSVΔG-ZEBOV-GP vaccine is recommended for healthcare personnel involved in the care and transport of suspect or confirmed Ebola virus disease patients at Special Pathogens Treatment Centers
  - Pre-exposure vaccination with rVSVΔG-ZEBOV-GP vaccine is recommended for laboratorians and support staff at Laboratory Response Network (LRN) facilities that handle specimens that may contain replication competent Ebola virus (species *Zaire ebolavirus*) in the United States

# **Thank You**

For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)

TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

